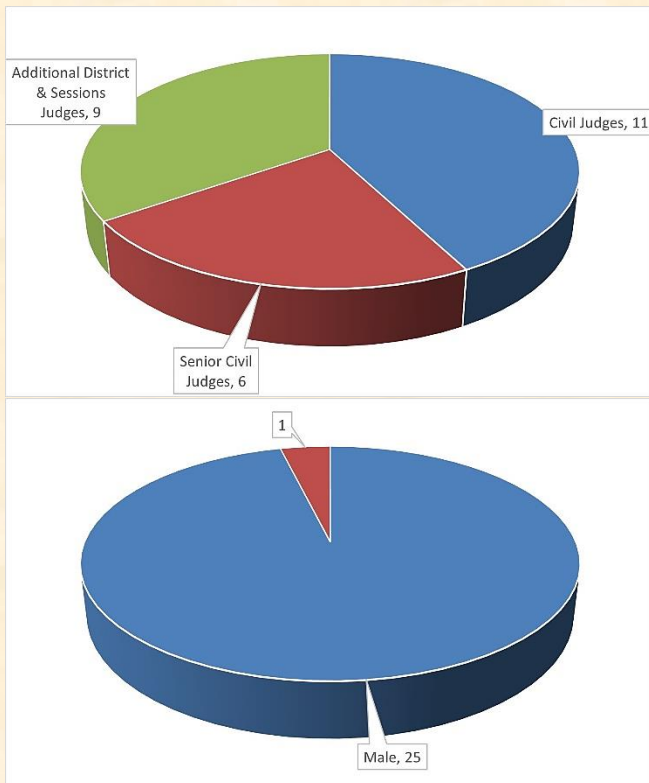


TWO-DAY TRAINING PROGRAM ON EXPEDITIOUS DISPOSAL OF CRIMINAL TRIAL AND USE OF TECHNOLOGY IN TRIAL AND INVESTIGATION (BATCH-02 FROM 09 – 10 MAY 2024 AT KARACHI)



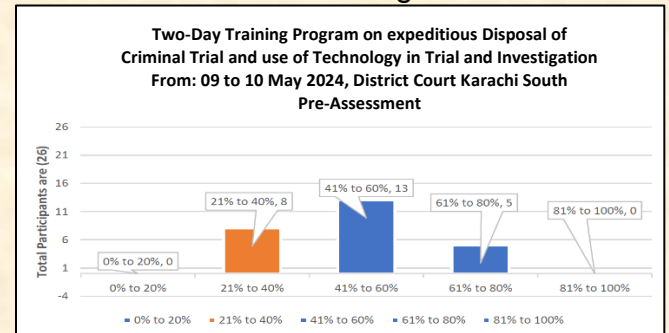
❖ The second training program of the project activities was conducted in Karachi. It was a Two-Day training program in which 26 Judges of District Court South-Karachi participated. Out of 26 Judges, 11 Civil Judges, 06 Senior Civil Judge, and 09 Additional District & Sessions Judge. A female judge was also part of this training.



Salient Proceedings

❖ **Mr. Muhammad Shahid Shafiq** (District & Sessions Judge/Senior Faculty Member, SJA) and **Mr. Javed Ahmed Keerio** (District & Sessions Judge) facilitated the two-day program.

❖ Before the commencement of the academic activities, the Pre-Assessment was conducted with the following outcomes:



Among 26 participants, 8 scored between 20% and 40%, 13 achieved marks ranging from 41% to 60%, and 5 attained marks between 61% and 80%. None of the participants scored above 80%.

❖ On Day 01, the first two sessions were led by **Mr. Muhammad Shahid Shafiq**. Covering the subject of “Expeditious Disposal of Criminal Cases”, in the first session, he discussed the different ‘Stages of a Trial’ and also elaborated on the Effective Role of Courts. In the second session, **Mr. Shafiq** discussed the “Use of Technology in Investigation and Trial.”



❖ The third session was conducted by **Mr. Javed Ahmed Keerio** on the topic of “Trial Court Role to Protect Victim and Witnesses.”



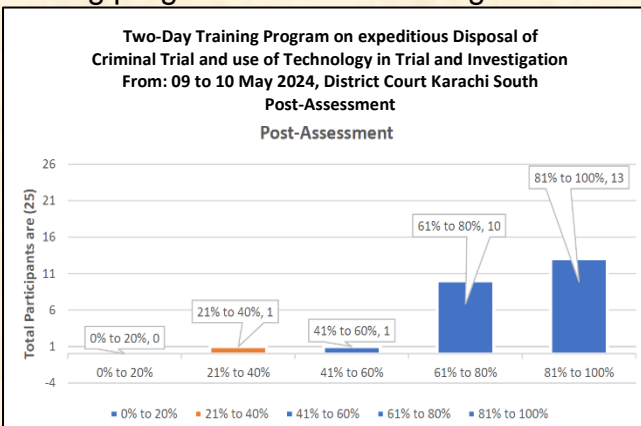


❖ On Day 02, the first session was conducted by **Mr. Javed Ahmed Keerio** on the subject of “Functions of Consumer Courts.”

❖ In the second session, **Mr. Muhammad Shahid Shafiq** discussed “Introduction to Prevention of Trafficking in Persons Act, 2018 and Introduction to Prevention of Smuggling of Migrants Act, 2018.”

❖ The third session was conducted by **Mr. Keerio** on the subjects of “Introduction to the Domestic Violence, Prevention and Protection Act, 2020 and Predicate Offence under Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010.” And in the final session, **Mr. Shafiq** explained “How to record evidence? and appreciation of evidence.” He engaged the participants in a practical exercise on “Commissions to examine witnesses.”

❖ A Post-Training Assessment was conducted before the conclusion of the training program with the following results:



Among the 25 participants, only 1 scored within the range of 20% to 40%; 1 fell within 41% to 60%; 10 achieved marks between 61% and 80%; and 13 participants scored above 81%. One of the participants was not able to attend the activity.

Conclusion

❖ In general, training on expediting trial disposal and integrating technology was crucial for upholding the effectiveness, fairness, and public confidence in the justice system. Participants grasped that incorporating technology in trials and investigations enhances the efficiency and precision of legal processes by refining the presentation of evidence in court. The Post-Training Assessment revealed that this training significantly deepened the participants' comprehension of the topics.

❖ Later, participants were awarded certificates.

